

### DIT PhD Introduction to Computational Thinking and Programming

**Lesson 1. Computational Thinking** 

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## L'idonietà This activity includes two modules: Programming and Statistics You will submit your solution to a couple of problems/exercises from each module Details at due time



# Who are you? A. Barrón-Cedeño DIT, PhD 2025 5/36

### PhDs that I am supervising

### 3rd year

### Paolo Gajo

 ${\sf Gastronomy}\ {\sf research}\ {\sf through}\ {\sf LLMs}$ 

- Internship at Dalhousie University (Halifax, Canada)
- 6+ peer-reviewed full papers published (incl. Neurips and IPM)
- Represented RER at the Osaka World Expo 2025

### 1st year

### **Debora Ciminari**

Idiom identification and processing

### Donatella Laperchia

Generative AI and Museums

### Minggui Duan

Hate speech identification

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### The instructor



- 1. BEng in Computing at UNAM, Mexico MSc in Computing at UNAM, Mexico
  - Internship at UdeM, Canada
- 2. MSc in AI at UPV, Spain PhD in AI at UPV, Spain
  - Internship at UofS, UK

- 3. Post-doc at UPC, Spain
  - Internship at BUW, Germany
- 4. Scientist at QCRI, Qatar
- 5. Professor at UniBO, Italy

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### PhDs that I've supervised

### 2024

Arianna Muti (Università Milano-Bocconi, Italy)

Hidden in Plain Sight: Detecting Misogyny beneath Ambiguities and Implicit Bias in Language

- Internship at Expert.ai (Modena, Italy)
- Internship at U. of Groningen (Groningen, The Netherlands)
- 12+ peer-reviewed full papers published (incl. one at EMNLP)
- Won a competition on hate speech identification

Katerina Korre (Archimedes Research Hub, Greece)

A Universal and Cross-language Approach to Internet Hate Speech Detection and Analysis

- Internship at Symanto.ai (Valencia, Spain)
- 10+ peer-reviewed full papers published (incl. LRE)

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### PhDs that I have followed

### 2024

Marco Casavantes (co-supervision)

Multidimensional Analysis of Text for Automated Detection of Computational Propaganda in Twitter

Francisco Jáñez Martino (visiting; Smarkia, Spain) Analysis of phishing and spam email (cybersecurity)

### Unfinished

Francesco Fernicola (CL at the European Parliament) Return to the Source: Assessing Machine Translation Suitability

- In co-supervision with EURAC Research (Bolzano, Italy)
- 5+ peer-reviewed full papers published (two during his masters)

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### Computing at DIT

Computing Power<sup>2</sup>

- 4 NVIDIA RTX 6000 Ada
  - https://www.nvidia.com/en-us/design-visualization/rtx-6000
- 2 NVIDIA Quadro P4000

https://www.techpowerup.com/gpu-specs/quadro-p4000.c2930



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Dedicated to deep learning (training and out-of-the-box)

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### Computing at DIT

Recent and ongoing research projects<sup>1</sup>

- Giara on DL and LLMs for gastronomy explanation https://progettogiara.it
- !Translate on augmenting machine translation with explanations https://site.unibo.it/no-translate
- Gastrowiki on producing and fixing definitions https://site.unibo.it/gastrowiki
- UpSkills on upgrading the (technological) skills of language students https://upskillsproject.eu
- UNITE on exploiting LLMs for language learning http://site.unibo.it/unite

<sup>1</sup>Non exhaustive

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### Lesson coordinates

Slides and code available at:

1 https://albarron.github.io/teaching/phd-comp-thinking/

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### Tools

Python 3 programming language

We will use Google's Colab: https://colab.research.google.com

For (more) serious affairs, you could consider

- 1. Command line or
- 2. Integrated development environment; e.g., Pycharm<sup>3</sup>, Eclipse<sup>4</sup> or local Jupyter<sup>5</sup>

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### Lesson contents

### Introduction to computational thinking

- 1. Problem definition and solving
- 2. Decomposition
- 3. Pattern recognition
- 4. Abstraction
- 5. Algorithmic thinking

### Programming

- 6. Introduction to programming
- 7. Jupyter notebooks
- 8. Basic operations
- 9. Dealing with text

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### Computational Thinking

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<sup>3</sup>https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/

<sup>4</sup>https://www.eclipse.org/

<sup>5</sup>https://jupyter.org/

The tools we use have a profound and devious influence on our thinking habits, and therefore on our thinking abilities.

Edsger W. Dijkstra<sup>6</sup>

6https://amturing.acm.org/award\_winners/dijkstra\_1053701.cfm

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### Humans and Computers

Computational methods and models give us the *courage* to solve problems and design systems

Computational thinking confronts the riddle of machine intelligence:

- What can humans do better than computers?
- What can computers do better than humans?

Some examples of each?

• What is computable?

### Computational Thinking

"[Computational Thinking] represents a universally applicable attitude and skill set everyone, not just computer scientists, would be eager to learn and use"

Jeannette M. Wing, CMU (2006)

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### A few definitions

### Problem



- 1. A difficulty that has to be resolved or dealt with
- 2. A question to be answered, schoolwork exercise **Antonyms**: solution

### System

1. A group of interacting or interrelated elements that act according to a set of rules to form a unified whole

### Computability

1. The ability to solve a problem in an effective manner

https://en.wiktionary.org/wiki/problem https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/System

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computability

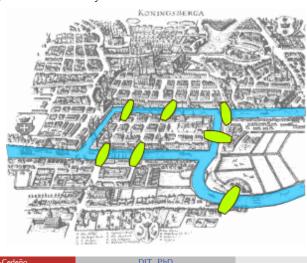
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### Activity 1: The Seven Bridges of Königsberg

Task: Devise a path through the city of Königsberg that would cross each of the bridges once and only once



### What is involved in computational thinking

- Defining problems
- Solving problems
- Designing systems
- Understanding human behavior

All by drawing on the concepts fundamental to computer science

- How difficult is it to solve?
- What's the best [doable|acceptable|affordable] way to solve it?
- Is an approximate solution enough?
- False positives or false negatives are allowed?

### predicted label

true positive negative
true positive true positive false positive
label negative false negative true negative

### Activity 1: The Seven Bridges of Königsberg

Looking for a solution



Can you devise a solution using this abstraction?

Solution: There is no solution

The foundations of graph theory Leonhard Euler (1736)



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### How to deal with a difficult problem?

[By] reformulating a seemingly difficult problem into one we know how to solve, perhaps by reduction, embedding, transformation, or simulation

[...] using abstraction and decomposition when attacking a large complex task or designing a large complex system

Have you solved a problem using any of these techniques?

### Copying a drawing?

https://www.wikihow.com/Copy-a-Drawing-or-Picture-by-Hand

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### The thinking in computational thinking

Thinking in terms of . . .

Prevention

Do you backup your mobile phone? There are two kinds of people

- 1. those who backup
- 2. those who have never lost all their data [mobile phone]
- Protection

Do you use a case to protect your mobile phone?

Getting ready to recover from worst-case scenarios through

go home even if I loose my wallet

damage containment  $\rightarrow$  If I have an exam, I will ride to the

university earlier than usual

error correction  $\quad \to \mathsf{Before}\ \mathsf{handling}\ \mathsf{my}\ \mathsf{report},\ \mathsf{I}\ \mathsf{will}\ \mathsf{pass}$ 

a spell checker

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### What computational thinking is and is not

Characteristics

### Conceptualising, not programming

- Computer science is **not** computer programming
- ullet Beyond ( $\sim$ beside) being able to program a computer
- Thinking at multiple levels of abstraction

### Fundamental skill

• A skill every human being must know to function in modern society

### A way that humans, not computers, think

- A way humans solve problems
- Not trying to get humans to think like computers

Computers are dull and boring Humans are clever and imaginative Humans make computers exciting Computational thinking is search, search, and more search

### How do you

- Buy the best possible item on Amazon?
- Find the best match on Tinder?
- Spot the most entertaining tiktok?

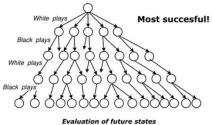
How do you win at UNO?

How do you win at dominoes?

How do you win at chess?



How do *standard computers* win at chess?



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### Computational Thinking: The three As

An iterative process based on three stages:

Abstraction (Problem Formulation). One attempts to conceptualize a

problem verbally, e.g., by trying to formulate a question such as "How does gravity work?," or through visual thinking, e.g., by drawing a diagram identifying objects and

relationships

Automation (Solution Expression). It is expressed in a non-ambiguous way so that the computer can carry it out; e.g., through

computer programming (or through *prompting*?)

Analysis (Execution & Evaluation). The solution gets executed (by

the computer) in ways that show the direct consequences of one's own thinking. Visualisations could support the evaluation of solutions

(Repenning et al., 2016)

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### Algorithm

An algorithm is...

Definition 1 A finite sequence of well-defined (computer-implementable) instructions, typically to solve a class of problems or to perform a computation

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algorithm

Definition 2 An explicit, precise, unambiguous, mechanically-executable sequence of elementary instructions, usually intended to accomplish a specific purpose.

Erickson (2019, p. 1)

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### Activity 6: The panino

My algorithm to prepare a panino<sup>8</sup>

### Ingredients:

bread • prosciutto crudo • pecorino di Pienza • carciofini sott'olio

- 1. Cut the bread into two halves horizontally
- 2. Add three slices of *prosciutto* on top of the bottom half
  - \* get sure not to go beyond the border of the bread
- 3. Evenly distribute some slices of pecorino
- 4. Add 3 pieces of *carciofini*\* get sure not to get too much oil
- 5. Put the top half of bread on top
- 6. Enjoy

<sup>8</sup>Via Taranto from https://ilpaninobologna.com

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### Activity 2: The panino<sup>7</sup>

Problem: Write the algorithm to prepare a panino

<sup>7</sup>Since recipes are *just* algorithms

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### Activity 6: The panino

Possible issues in your/my recipes<sup>9</sup>

- Under-specification?
- Lack of identification of the input?
- Imprecise identification of the problem?

<sup>9</sup>Keep in mind that this is a toy problem

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### **Describing Algorithms**

The 4 components of an algorithm

What: A precise specification of the problem that the algorithm solves

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How: A precise description of the algorithm itself

Why: A proof that the algorithm solves the problem it is supposed

to solve<sup>10</sup>

How fast: An analysis of the running time of the algorithm<sup>11</sup>

- No particular development order
- Write for an audience; this is not intended for yourself
- Write for people who is not as clever as you are 12

From (Erickson, 2019, p. 11)

<sup>10</sup>Not covered in this lesson

<sup>11</sup>idem

<sup>12</sup>For instance, yourself 6 months ago

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### Programming language

A formal language comprising a set of instructions that produce various kinds of output [given an input] $^{14}$ 



Diagram from L. Moroney's Introduction to TensorFlow for Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, and Deep Learning

### 14https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Programming\_language

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### Natural vs Programming languages

### Natural languages

- An ordinary language (e.g., Italian)
- Written or oral
- It has evolved naturally in humans, usually without specific and deliberate planning<sup>13</sup>
- Problem: ambiguity
   (e.g., "visiting relatives can be annoying")

### Programming languages

- Formal-born languages
- Specific syntactic rules that avoid ambiguous statements
- Sentences convey one single meaning
- They can have a significant degree of abstraction

<sup>13</sup>Consider Klingon or Sith

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